

# **DANE/SMTP**

## **Usage Report**

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**USC/ISI**

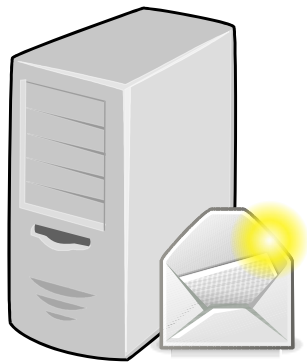
**<hardaker@isi.edu>**

# Overview

1. Background
2. E-Mail Security without DANE
3. E-Mail Security with DANE
4. DNSSEC and DANE deployment statistics
5. Appendix

# Email Security

Sending  
Mail Server



**1.** User sends mail  
to their outgoing  
mail server

**Authenticated SMTP  
over authenticated TLS**



Receiving  
Mail Server



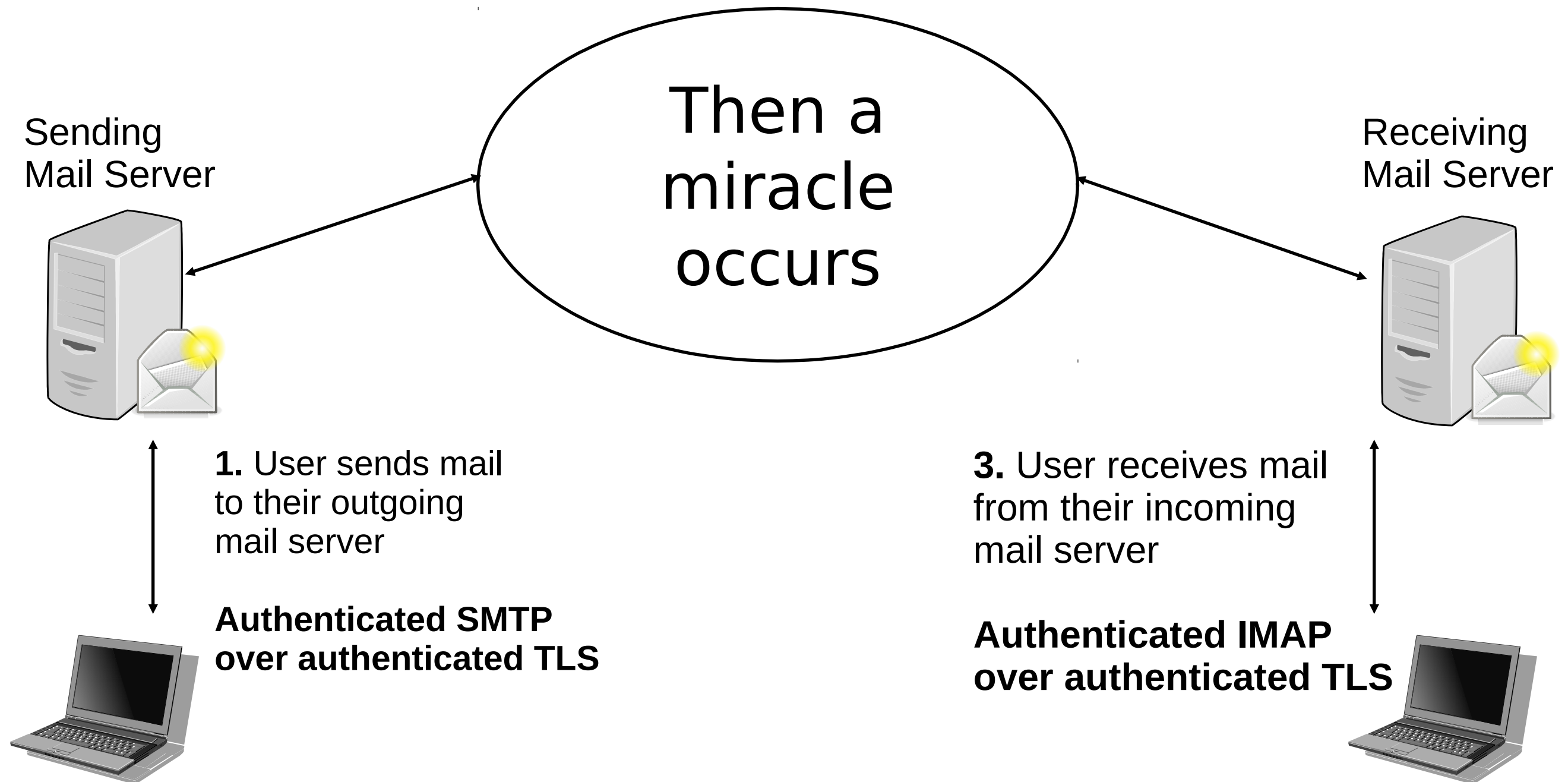
**3.** User receives mail  
from their incoming  
mail server

**Authenticated IMAP  
over authenticated TLS**



# Email Security

## 2. MTA-to-MTA SMTP

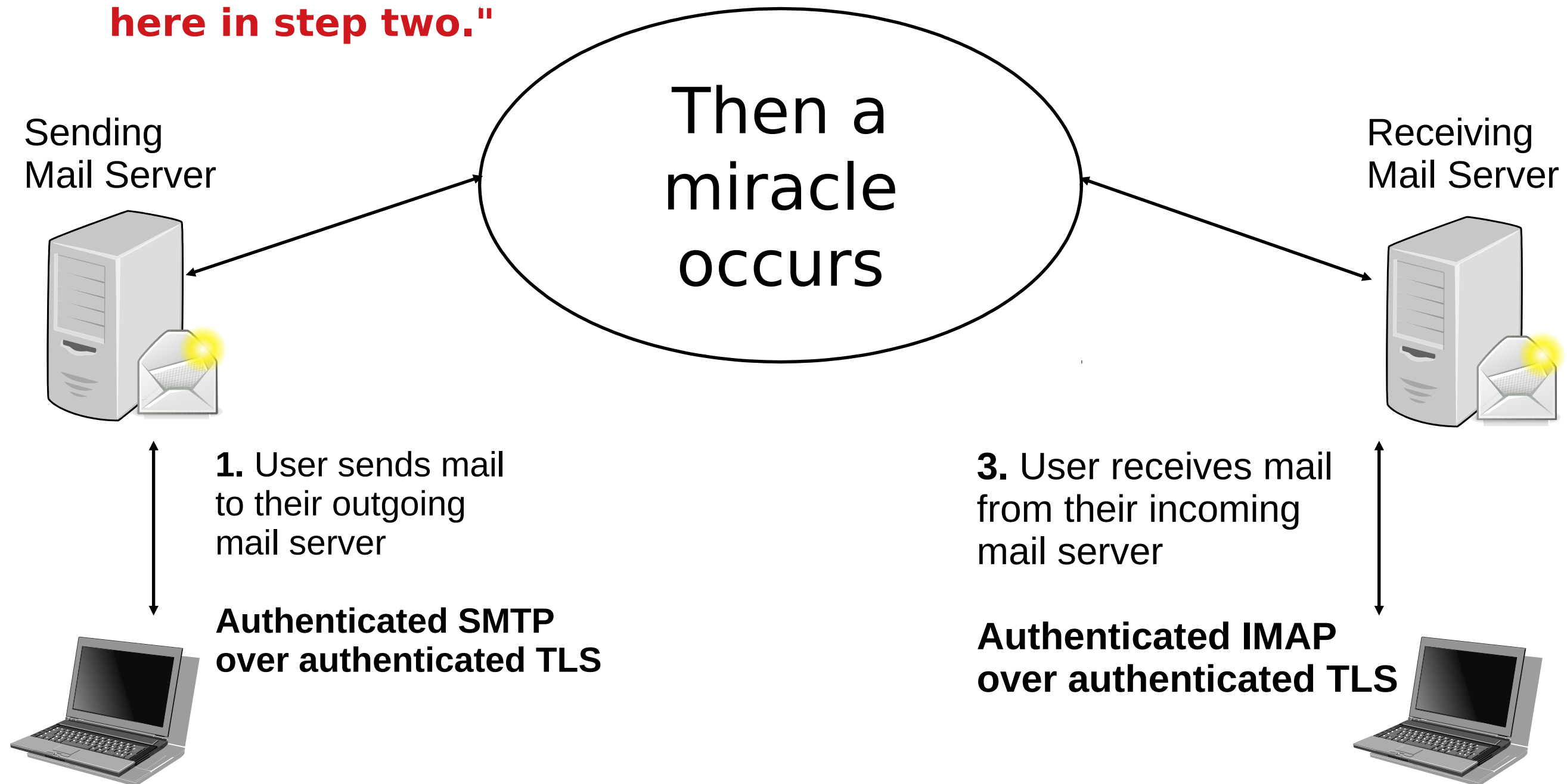


# Email Security

**F**  
**6**/  
**10**

**"I think you should be more explicit here in step two."**

## 2. MTA-to-MTA SMTP

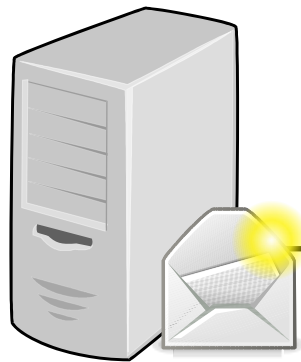


# Email Security One Solution

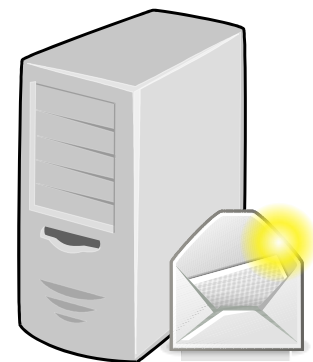
## Choice 1: Opportunistic (START)TLS

Resists Passive monitoring  
Still vulnerable to active attacks:  
BGP hijacking  
DNS forgery  
STARTTLS stripping

Sending  
Mail Server



Receiving  
Mail Server



**1.** User sends mail  
to their outgoing  
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**Authenticated SMTP  
over authenticated TLS**



**3.** User receives mail  
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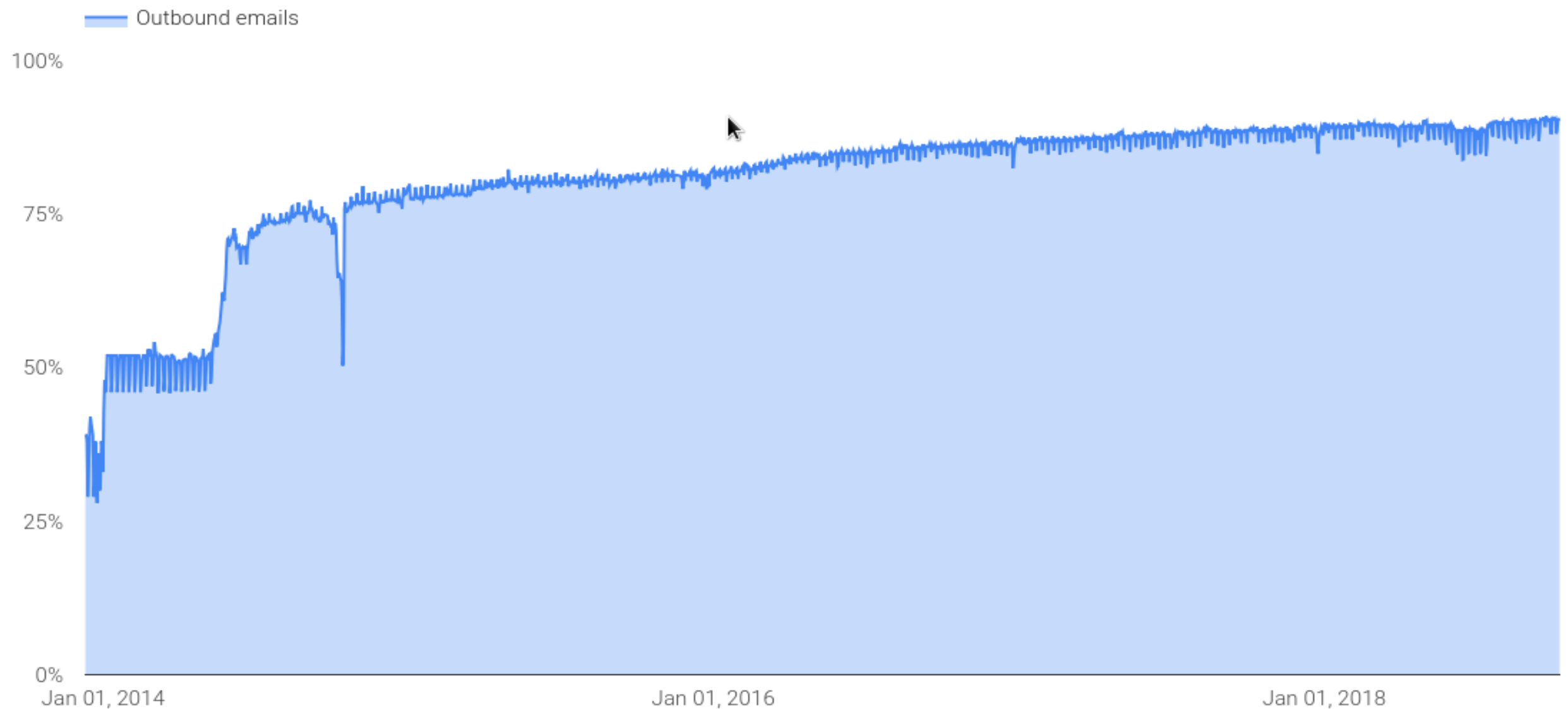
**Authenticated IMAP  
over authenticated TLS**



# GMail STARTTLS growth: out

Outbound email encryption: 90%

START  12/31/2011    END  10/11/2018

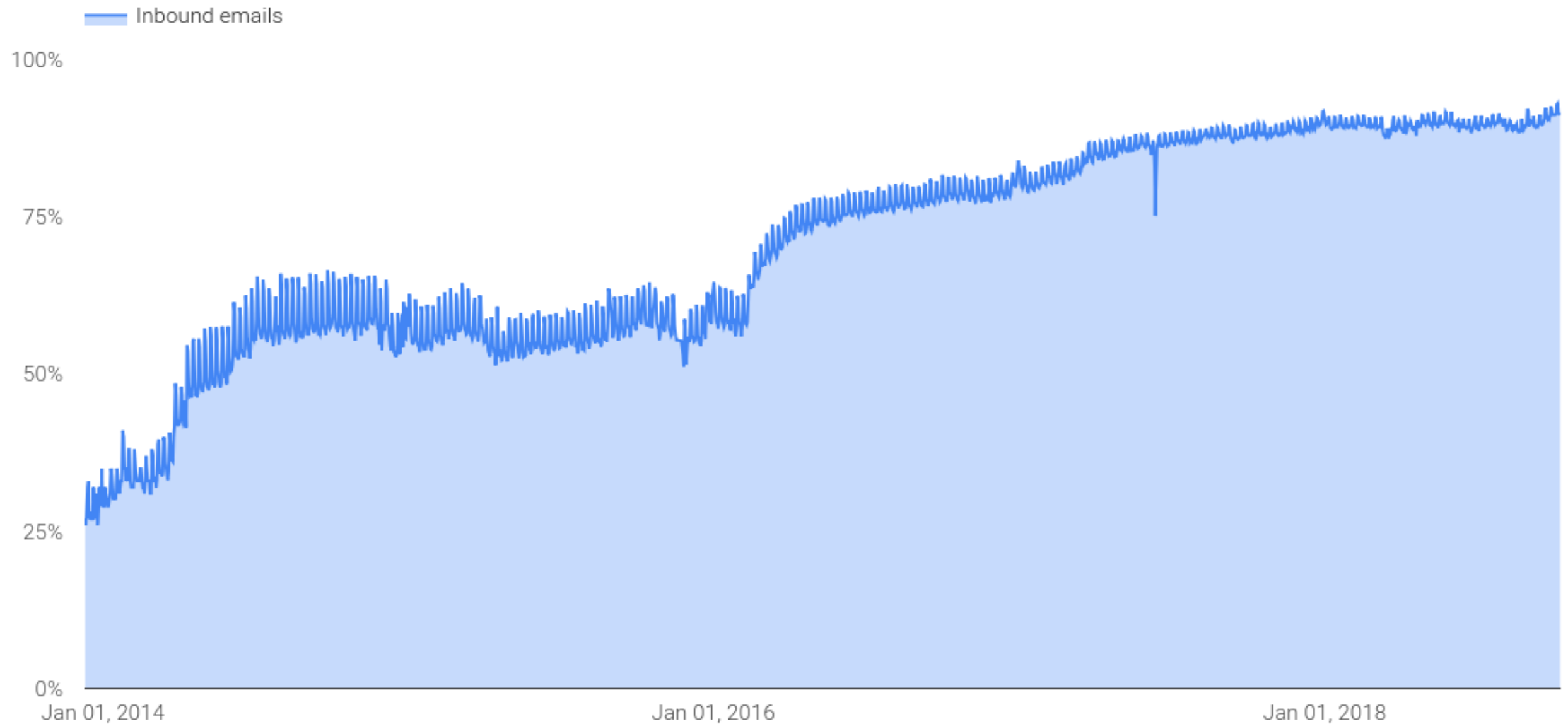


<https://transparencyreport.google.com/safer-email/overview>

# GMail STARTTLS growth: in

Inbound email encryption: 91%

START  12/30/2011    END  10/16/2018



<https://transparencyreport.google.com/safer-email/overview>



# Better SMTP Security Goals

- Resist active attacks:
  - Must be downgrade-resistant
    - (even on first contact)
  - Must support mixed environment
  - Must signal which peers to encrypt
  - Must indicate how to authenticate each peer

# SMTP is not like HTTPS

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7672#section-1.3>

- Must trust DNS to obtain authoritative MX hosts
- Web-like CA trust would be problematic
  - Too many CAs to trust, but no user to "click OK"
  - Can't avoid trusting them all

# DNS-Based Authentication of Named Entities (DANE)

- In SMTP, presence of DANE TLSA records is:
  - A contract to support STARTTLS
  - Parameters needed to contact (“3 1 1”)
  - Which certificates and/or signers to trust

```
_25._tcp.mx1.example.com. TLSA 3 1 1 curr-pubkey-sha256  
_25._tcp.mx1.example.com. TLSA 3 1 1 next-pubkey-sha256
```

- Records authenticated via DNSSEC
  - no trusted third parties required
  - ensures downgrade protection

# DANE Usage and Operational Practice

# Coexisting with DANE

- For DNSSEC-signed domains **without DANE**:
  - TLSA Denial of Existence (DoE) must function correctly
    - *(DANE is first protocol requiring reliable DoE)*
  - Proven lack of a TLSA record means no security
  - Send over unencrypted SMTP, as you used to
- What happens when DANE DNSSEC lookup **fails**?
  - DANE senders skip those MX hosts
  - When all MX hosts are skipped, delivery is deferred

# Adopting DANE

- Deploying DNSSEC is the main barrier
- Coordinating TLSA records and cert chain may look hard
- We'll make it easy

# Outbound SMTP/DANE

- DANE-enabled MTA (Postfix, Exim, Cloudmark, ...)
- Need DNSSEC validating resolver
  - (see your MTA docs)
- Enable DANE as documented
- Make a few policy exceptions:

<https://github.com/danefail/list>

# Inbound SMTP/DANE

- Need STARTTLS-capable SMTP server
- DNSSEC-signed MX records
- DNSSEC-signed TLSA records for each MX host
  - If MX hosts are outsourced, they must be signed!
  - Properly managed key and certificate rotation



# DANE tools

- <https://dane.sys4.de/> and list dane-users@sys4.de
- <https://github.com/letoams/hash-slinger>
- <https://github.com/PennockTech/smtpdane>
- <https://github.com/vdukhovni/danecheck>
- Bare knuckles<sup>†</sup> with `openssl s_client`

† see last two slides of Appendix.

# DANE SMTP Survey

# Introducing [stats.dnssec-tools.org](https://stats.dnssec-tools.org)

- <https://stats.dnssec-tools.org/>
  - Created by Viktor Dukhovni and Wes Hardaker
  - (Eventually) a continually updating web-page
  - “Just ramping up” (aka still under development)
- Reporting deployment statistics for:
  - DNSSEC generally
  - DANE specifically
- The data from the following slides are on this site

# Introducing stats.dnssec-tools.org

## Overview

The following DNSSEC deployment statistics come from the work of Viktor Dukhovni (Two Sigma), published by [Wes Hardaker \(USC/ISI\)](#) as part of the [DNSSEC-Tools](#) project.

- [Summary Statistics](#)
- [DANE Trend Graphs](#)
- [DNSSEC Deployment Statistics](#)
  - [Parameter Frequency](#)
  - [RSA Key Size Distribution](#)
  - [RSA Component Distribution](#)
  - [DNSKEY Lookup Failure Rates](#)

## Summary Statistics

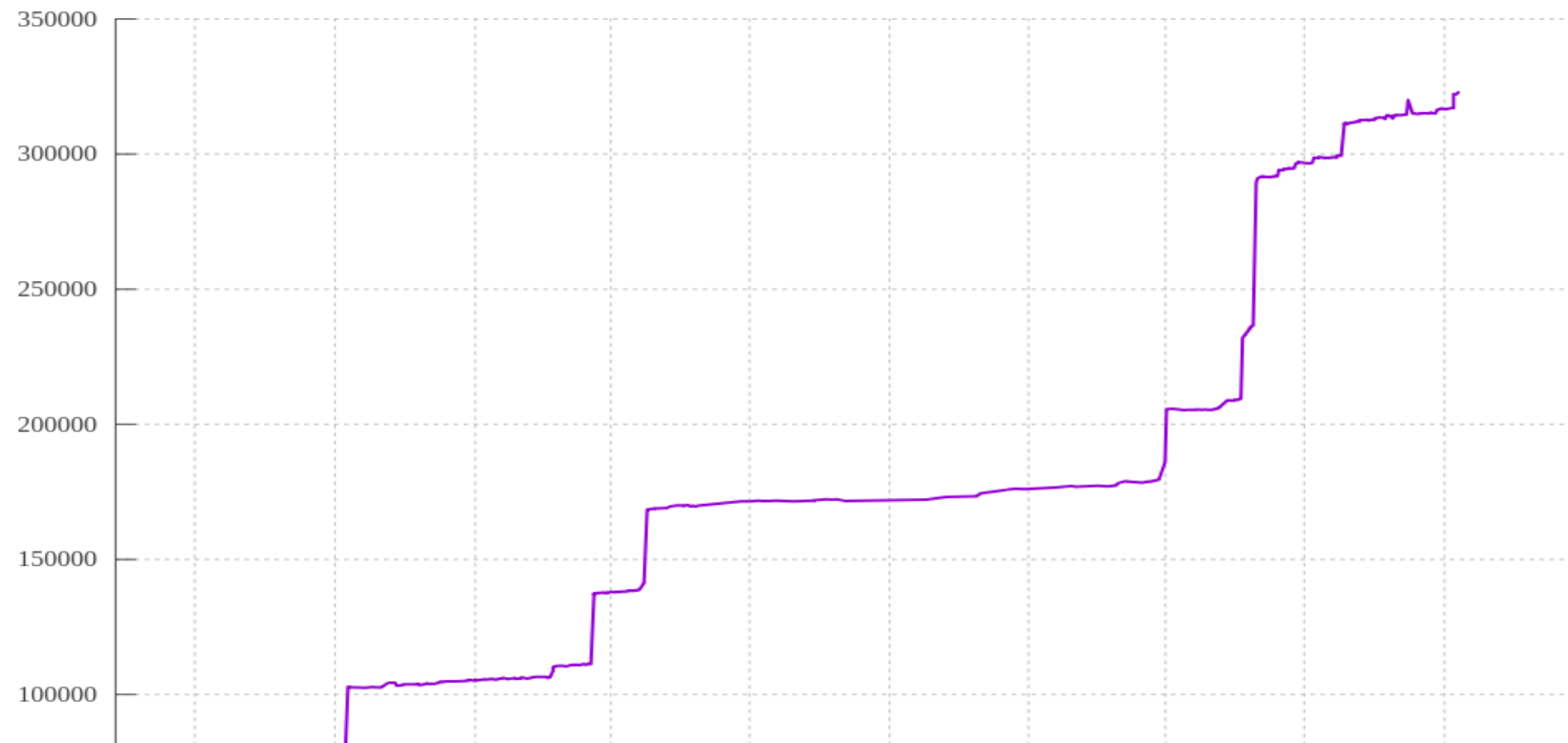
The September 2018 numbers from the DANE/DNSSEC survey are:

Total DS RRsets:	8,913,611
Validatable apex DNSKEY RRsets:	8,766,973

## DANE Trend graphs

Domains with signed MX and DANE records

The following graph depicts the number of domains that have deployed DANE/SMTP. Specifically, their zone is signed, their MX records all point to hosts that have DANE TLSA records.



# DNSSEC / DANE Survey

*(all work by Viktor Dukhovni)*

- Monitors domains delegated from public suffixes
- Notifies operators of botched key/cert rotation
- Sourced from ICANN CZDS, Verisign, <https://scans.io/>, open access for .se, .nu, .fr, .nl, ... (more ccTLD data wanted), FarSight Security
- Covers ~200 million candidate domain names
- Captures DS, DNSKEY, MX, A, AAAA, TLSA records
- Captures certificate chains of MX hosts

# Survey Stats

(as of 2018-10-11)

- 8.95 million domains with DNSSEC-validated MX
- 323 thousand domains with DANE SMTP
- Millions of users ([gmx.de](https://www.gmx.de), [web.de](https://www.web.de), [comcast.net](https://www.comcast.net))
- 5538 DANE MX hosts in 3641 zones
- ~500 domains with TLSA record lookup problems
- ~258 domains with wrong TLSA records or no STARTTLS

# Top TLDs

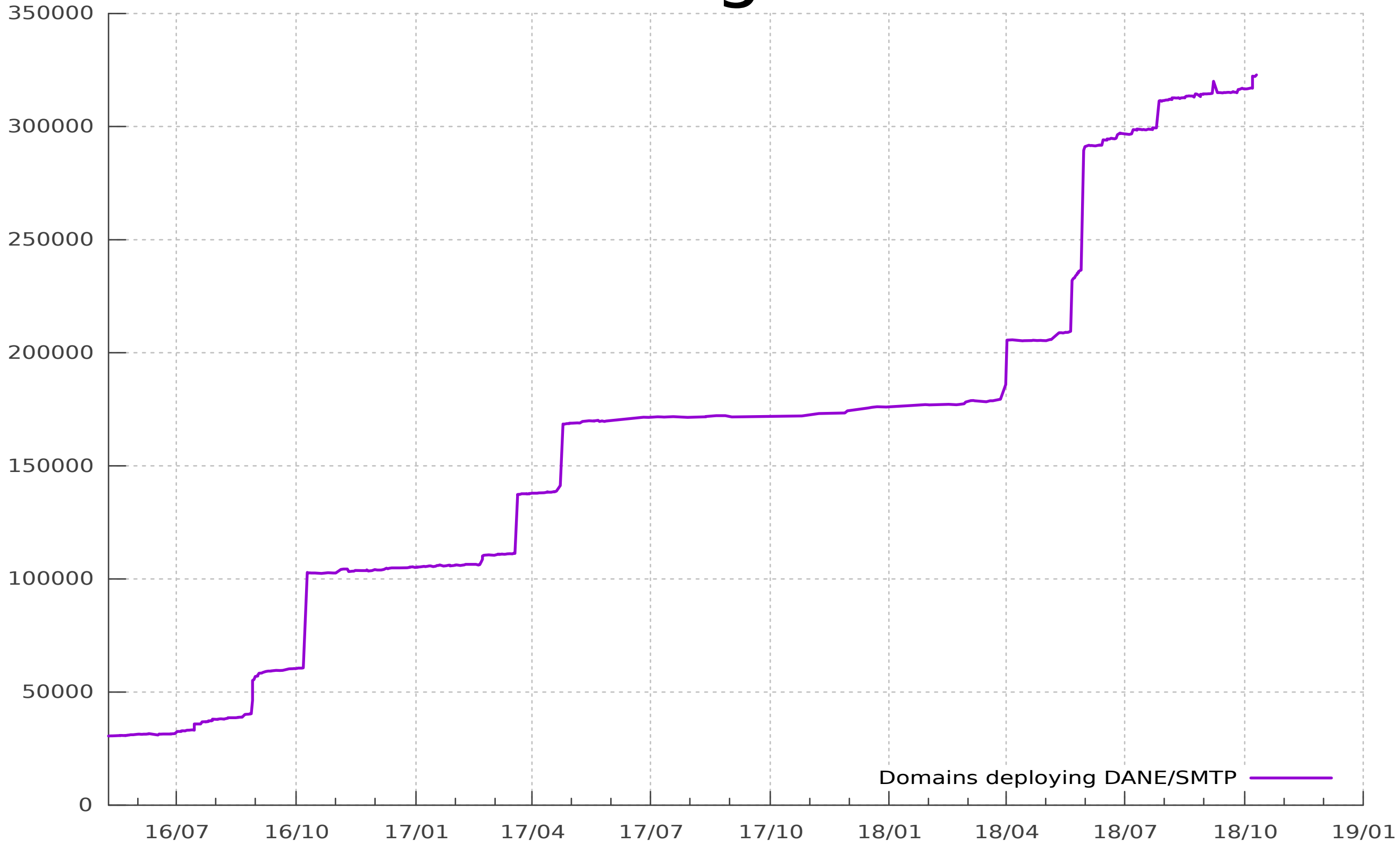
DANE domains x1000		TLD
3,089		NL
935		COM
820		SE
597		CZ
507		BR
503		EU
472		PL
411		FR
377		NO
145		BE
130		NET
129		NU
119		HU
97		ORG
85		DE
500		other

# Reliability

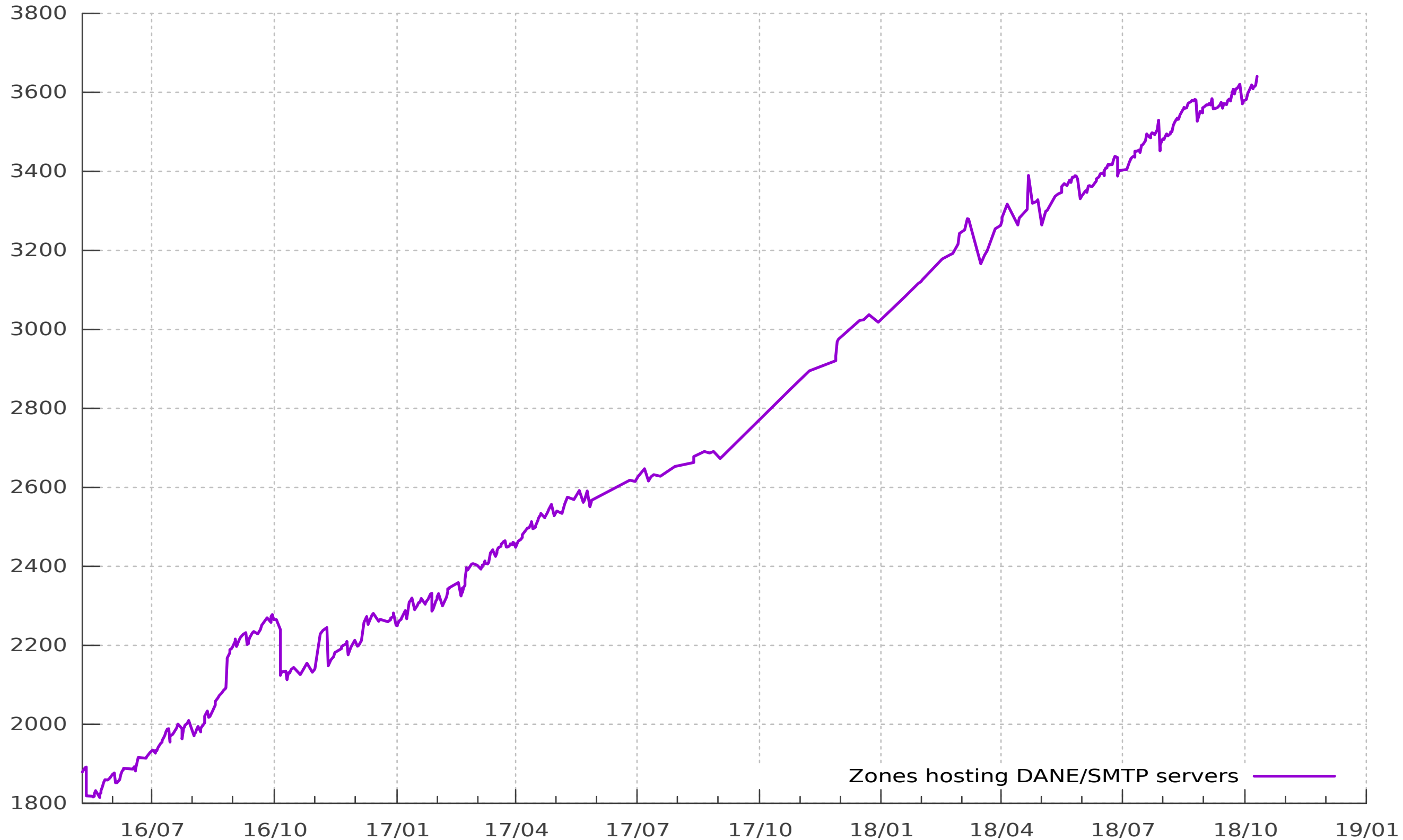
- Breakage largely at parked domains
  - Many just lame delegations
  - (ordinary DNS outage).
- Denial of existence problem only at ~500 domains
- Low breakage % TLDs:
  - .香港 (0.00), .BR (0.04), .HK (0.06)
- High breakage TLDs:
  - .BANK (41.9), .NRW (11.5), .RU (9.6)



# #Domains using SMTP/DANE



# #Zones of DANE MX hosts



# Well known DANE domains

gmx.at  
transip.be  
travelbirdbelgique.be  
nic.br  
**registro.br**  
gmx.ch  
open.ch  
anubisnetworks.com  
geektimes.com  
gmx.com  
habr.com  
mail.com  
societe.com  
solvinity.com  
t-2.com  
trashmail.com  
**xfinity.com**  
xfinitymobile.com  
**active24.cz**  
clubcard.cz  
cuni.cz  
cvc.cz  
destroystores.cz  
itesco.cz  
klubpevnehozdravi.cz  
knizni-magazin.cz  
localssrcapp.cz  
**nic.cz**  
optimail.cz  
**smtp.cz**  
**bayern.de**  
**bund.de**  
elster.de  
fau.de  
**freenet.de**  
**gmx.de**  
jpberlin.de  
kabelmail.de  
lrz.de  
mail.de  
**posteo.de**  
ruhr-uni-bochum.de  
tum.de  
uni-erlangen.de  
unitybox.de  
unitymedia.de  
**web.de**  
dk-hostmaster.dk  
egmontpublishing.dk  
netic.dk  
tilburguniversity.edu  
transip.eu  
insee.fr  
octopuce.fr  
**comcast.net**  
dd24.net  
**dns-oarc.net**  
gmx.net  
habramail.net  
hr-manager.net  
inexio.net  
mpssec.net  
mylobu.net  
t-2.net  
transip.net  
**xs4all.net**  
xworks.net  
ardanta.nl  
**bhosted.nl**  
bit.nl  
boozishop.nl  
deltion.nl  
hierinloggen.nl  
hr.nl  
hro.nl  
**interconnect.nl**  
intermax.nl  
markteffectmail.nl  
ouderportaal.nl  
overheid.nl  
pathe.nl  
politie.nl  
**previder.nl**  
rotterdam.nl  
**transip.nl**  
truetickets.nl  
uvt.nl  
verschoore.nl  
**xs4all.nl**  
**domeneshop.no**  
handelsbanken.no  
rushtromdheim.no  
webcruitermail.no  
aegee.org  
**debian.org**  
**freebsd.org**  
**gentoo.org**  
**ietf.org**  
**isc.org**  
lazarus-ide.org  
**netbsd.org**  
**openssl.org**  
**samba.org**  
**torproject.org**  
asf.com.pt  
handelsbanken.se  
**iis.se**  
minmyndighetspost.se  
skatteverket.se  
**t-2.si**  
mail.co.uk  
govtrack.us

# Almost-DANE domains

*(hosting mail servers for DNSSEC signed MX records)*

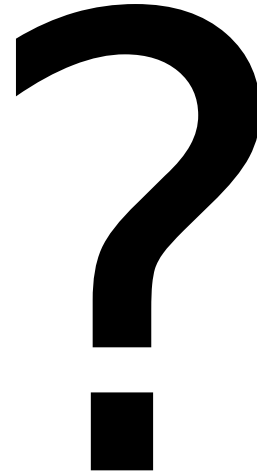
1000s of DNSSEC MX RRs		Provider yet to deploy DANE TLSA
1,427		ovh.net
875		one.com
651		google.com
335		googlemail.com
307		firstfind.nl
168		mijndomain.nl
104		outlook.com
80		pcextreme.nl
73		argewebhosting.nl
56		wedos.net

# Help wanted

- More ccTLD lists of signed delegations
- Fix any DNSSEC issues
  - Including ones centered on Denial of Existence!
- Please enable DANE ***outbound***
  - (even if your own domain is unsigned)
- Please enable DNSSEC and DANE on hosting MX servers
  - Especially when hosting thousands signed domains
    - e.g. ovh.net, gmail.com, ...

# Questions?

<https://stats.dnssec-tools.org/>



*Hint: There are a  
**LOT of extra slides**  
beyond this one*

**Viktor Dukhovni**  
<[ietf-dane@dukhovni.org](mailto:ietf-dane@dukhovni.org)>

**Wes Hardaker**  
<[hardaker@isi.edu](mailto:hardaker@isi.edu)>

# TLSA record types

- **3 1 1: certificate usage DANE-EE(3):**
  - Publishes server's public key SHA256 hash
- **2 1 1: certificate usage DANE-TA(2):**
  - Publishes CA's public key SHA256 hash
  - Can use this if you the CA is secure enough
- Rest of record is hash value:

```
$ dig +nosplit +short -t tlsa _25._tcp.mail.ietf.org  
3 1 1 0C72AC70B745AC19998...E7CB23E5B514B56664C5D3D6
```

# Rolling Your TLS Keys

- Use multiple TLSA records to publish current and future keys
  - Publish **keys** well in advance of using them!
  - Required by DNS caching
- Two models:
  - EE Key + Next EE Key: (3 1 1 + 3 1 1)
  - EE Key + TA Key: (3 1 1 + 2 1 1)
- Deploy new chain, and publish new TLSA records:  
`_25._tcp.mx.example.com. IN TLSA 3 1 1 curr-pubkey-sha256`  
`_25._tcp.mx.example.com. IN TLSA 3 1 1 next-pubkey-sha256`



# Current + Issuer CA

- Publish TLSA RRs for server key & issuer CA key

```
_25._tcp.mx.example.com. IN TLSA 3 1 1 ee-pubkey-sha256  
_25._tcp.mx.example.com. IN TLSA 2 1 1 ta-pubkey-sha256
```

- To change your end-certificate:
  - Deploy certificates from same CA
  - Promptly update **3 1 1** hash to match new EE key
- If the CA's key changes:
  - Keep using your same certificate key
  - Obtain cert from new CA
  - Promptly update **2 1 1** hash to match new CA key

# Automate

- Automate:
  - TLSA record updates and zone re-signing
  - Key rollover
  - Acquiring any certs ...
  - ... and converting to TLSA records
- Have working contacts in WHOIS, SOA, postmaster

# Appendix

- Gmail TLS status
- SMTP-STS
- DNSViz samples
- Survey metrics
- DANE tools

# DNSSEC Hygiene

- All nameservers need:
  - EDNS(0) support
  - NSEC3 support
- Don't block IP fragments
- Reply NODATA or NXDomain
  - (not NOTIMP, REFUSED, ...)
- Test correct denial-of-existence for each edge case
- Monitor nameservers for correct DNSSEC handling

# Avoid DNS query filtering

- Some firewalls offer misguided filtering features
  - blocking TLSA, CAA, CDS, ... lookups
  - These break more than DANE
  - Please turn off filters that block queries for some record types!!

- Monitor correct responses for unexpected types:

```
$ dig -t TYPE12345 example.com.      -> NODATA  
$ dig -t TYPE12345 n.x.example.com. -> NXDomain
```

<https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-dnsop-no-response-issue>

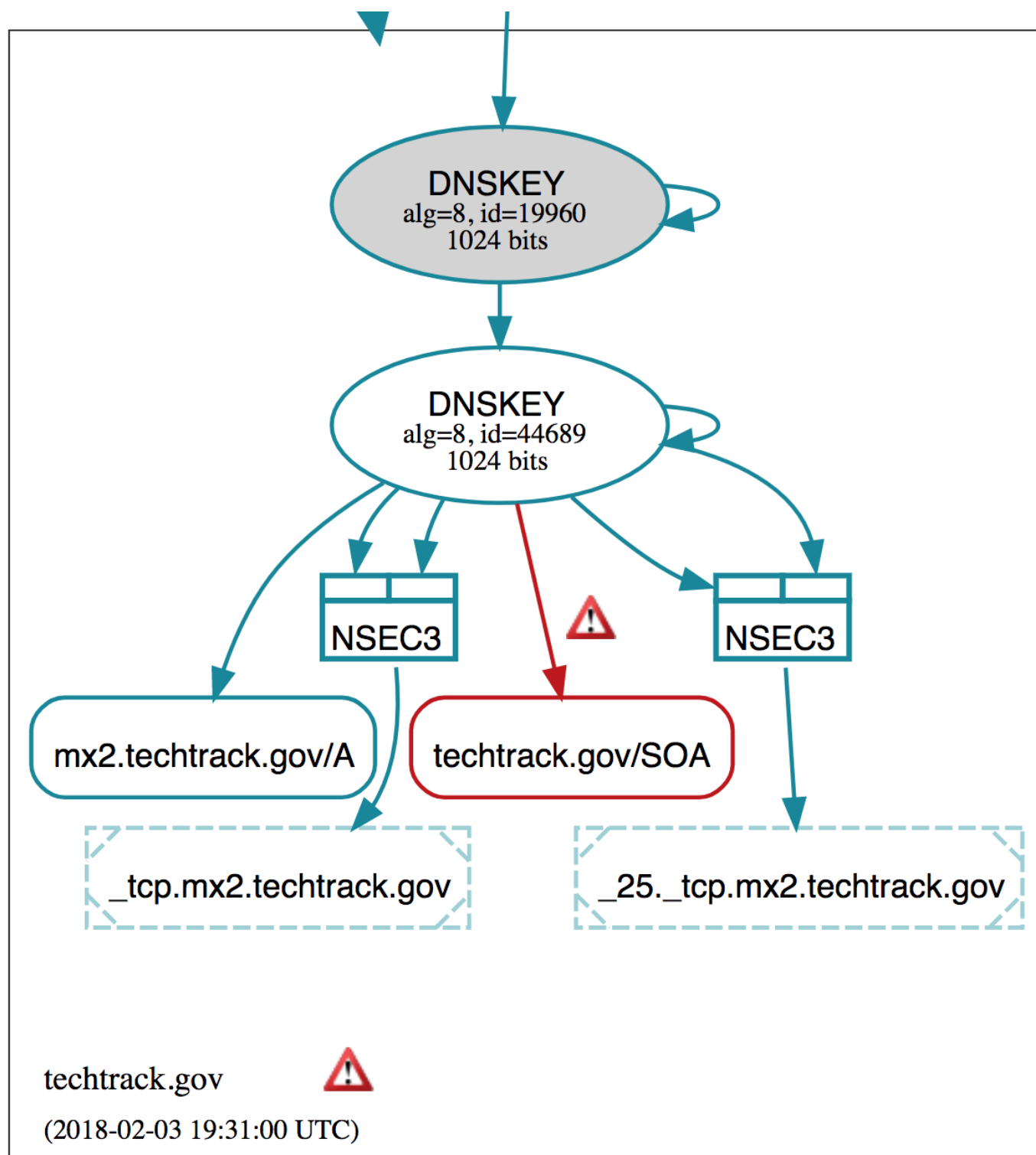
# DNSSEC checklist

- Keep name-server software up to date
- Test zones with apex wildcard A or CNAMEs
- Test zones with empty non-terminals
- Always sign after changing SOA serial numbers
- Avoid NSEC3 opt-out in most zones
- Avoid high NSEC3 (extra) iteration counts
  - (0 is BCP!)

<https://lists.dns-oarc.net/pipermail/dns-operations/2017-December/017127.html>

<https://lists.dns-oarc.net/pipermail/dns-operations/2018-January/017173.html>

# Check DNSViz



[http://dnsviz.net/d/\\_25.\\_tcp.mx2.techtrack.gov/WnYN-A/dnssec/](http://dnsviz.net/d/_25._tcp.mx2.techtrack.gov/WnYN-A/dnssec/)

# Monitor

- DNSSEC DS and DNSKEY records
- DNSSEC signatures (avoid near expiration)
- Slave nameserver synchronization
- TLSA records match your live cert chain



# Operational BCP

- Publish the current and next TLSA record
- Don't offer STARTTLS selectively to just some clients
- Use a separate certificate for each MX host
  - Stagger certificate rotation between them
- Publish TLSA RRs for each each deployed certificate type: RSA, ECDSA, ...

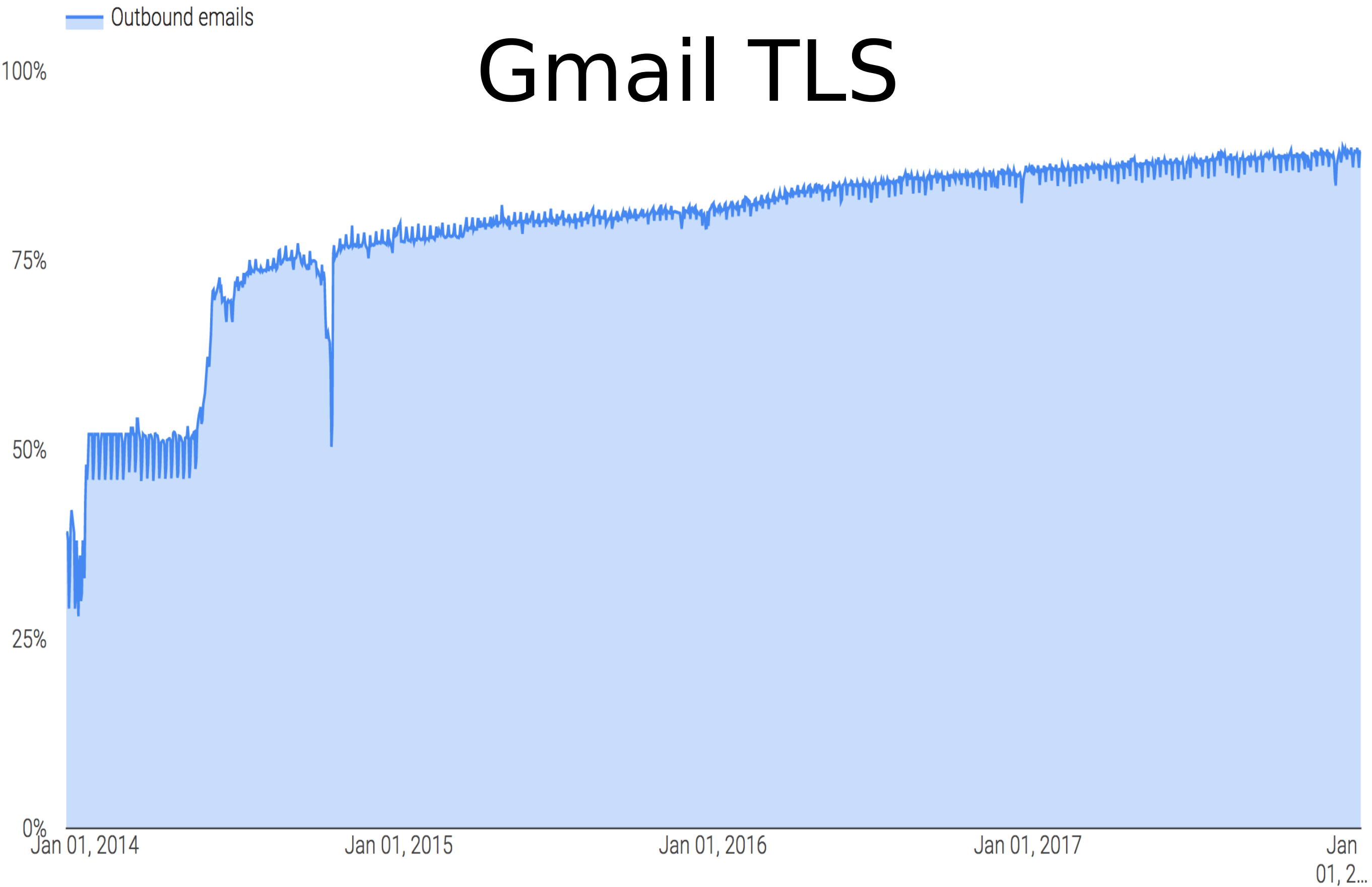
# DANE software

- Postfix, Exim, Cloudmark, <https://mailinabox.email>, ...
- OpenSSL  $\geq$  1.1.0 DANE verification API  
[https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.0/ssl/SSL\\_CTX\\_dane\\_enable.html](https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.1.0/ssl/SSL_CTX_dane_enable.html)
- GnuTLS (somewhat incomplete)
- Maintainers of DANE S/W please get in touch

# Gmail TLS status

- Outbound TLS much like inbound presently at ~90%
- Remaining 10% mostly bulk marketing
- Some user-mailbox domains yet to adopt STARTTLS!

# Gmail TLS



<https://transparencyreport.google.com/safer-email/overview>

# Non-TLS domains

Top domains by region: Inbound

RED YELLOW GREEN

Domain	%
From: cmail19.com via createsend.com	93%
From: cmail20.com via createsend.com	93%
From: cuenote.jp	73%
From: ed10.net via ed10.com	22%
From: emergencyemail.org	0%
From: prohirespowerhouse.com	0%
From: secureserver.net	62%
From: timesjobs.com via tbsl.in	0%
From: wattpadmail.com	10%
From: wayfair.com	5%

Mon, Feb 5, 2018

Top domains by region: Outbound

Domain	%
To: alice.it via aliceposta.it	0%
To: amazon.{...}	51%
To: bigpond.com	0%
To: btinternet.com via cpcloud.co.uk	0%
To: cox.net	2%
To: docomo.ne.jp	0%
To: ezweb.ne.jp	0%
To: nauta.cu via etecsa.net	0%
To: uol.com.br	0%
To: yahoo.co.jp	0%

Mon, Feb 5, 2018

<https://transparencyreport.google.com/safer-email/overview>

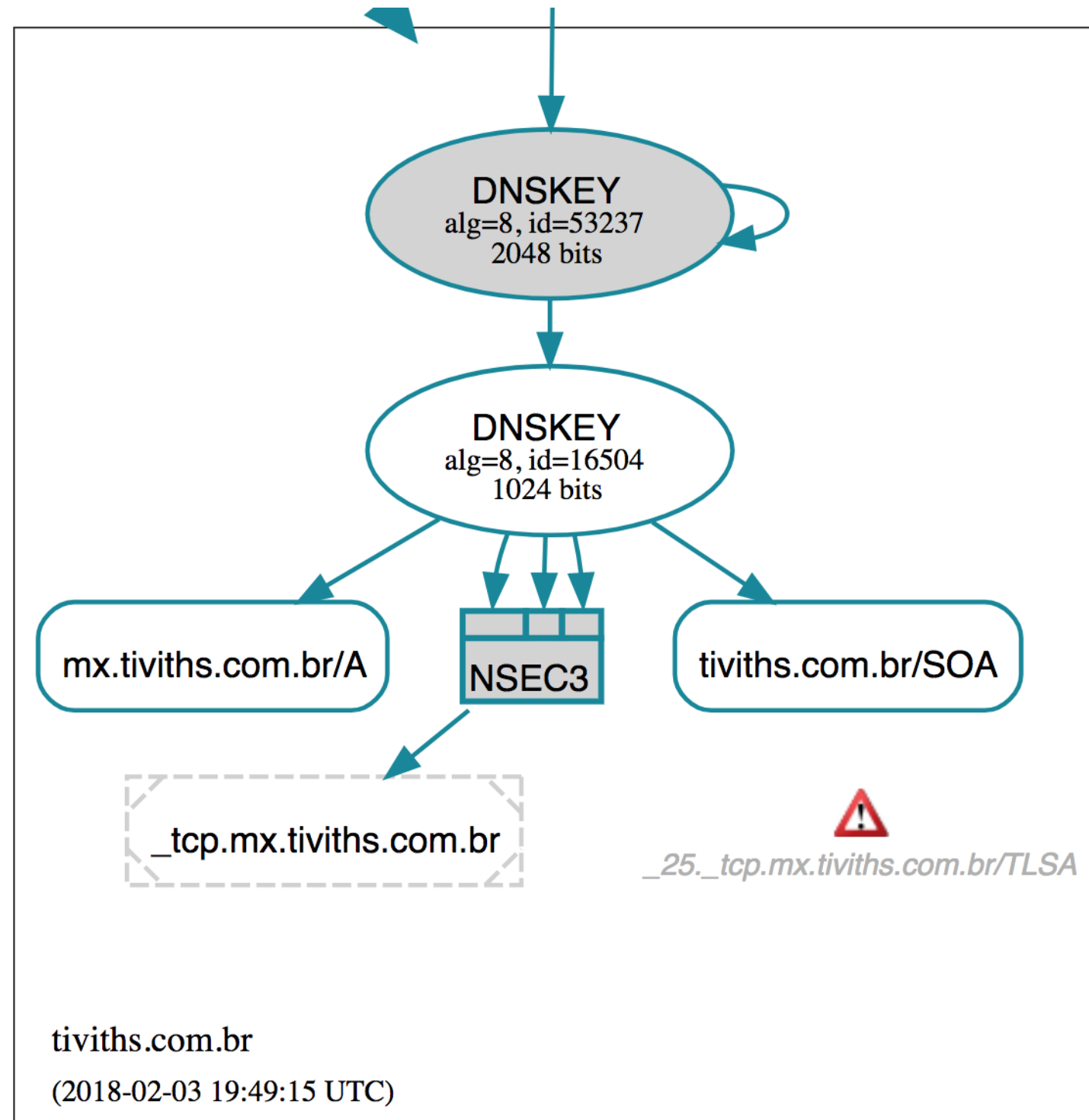
# SMTP-STS

- SMTP-STS: compromise for the DNSSEC-challenged
  - Still can and **should** prefer DANE ***outbound***
  - Authenticates domain control via CA leap of faith!
  - Vulnerable to MiTM at cert bootstrap
  - Vulnerable to weakest root CA, and unauthorized certs
  - Open to downgrade on first (or irregular) contact
  - Complex mix of HTTPS, unsigned DNS and SMTP

# DNSViz samples

- Examples of various name-server edge-cases
- Follow links to live DNSViz site
- Mouse-over "red" elements provides more detail

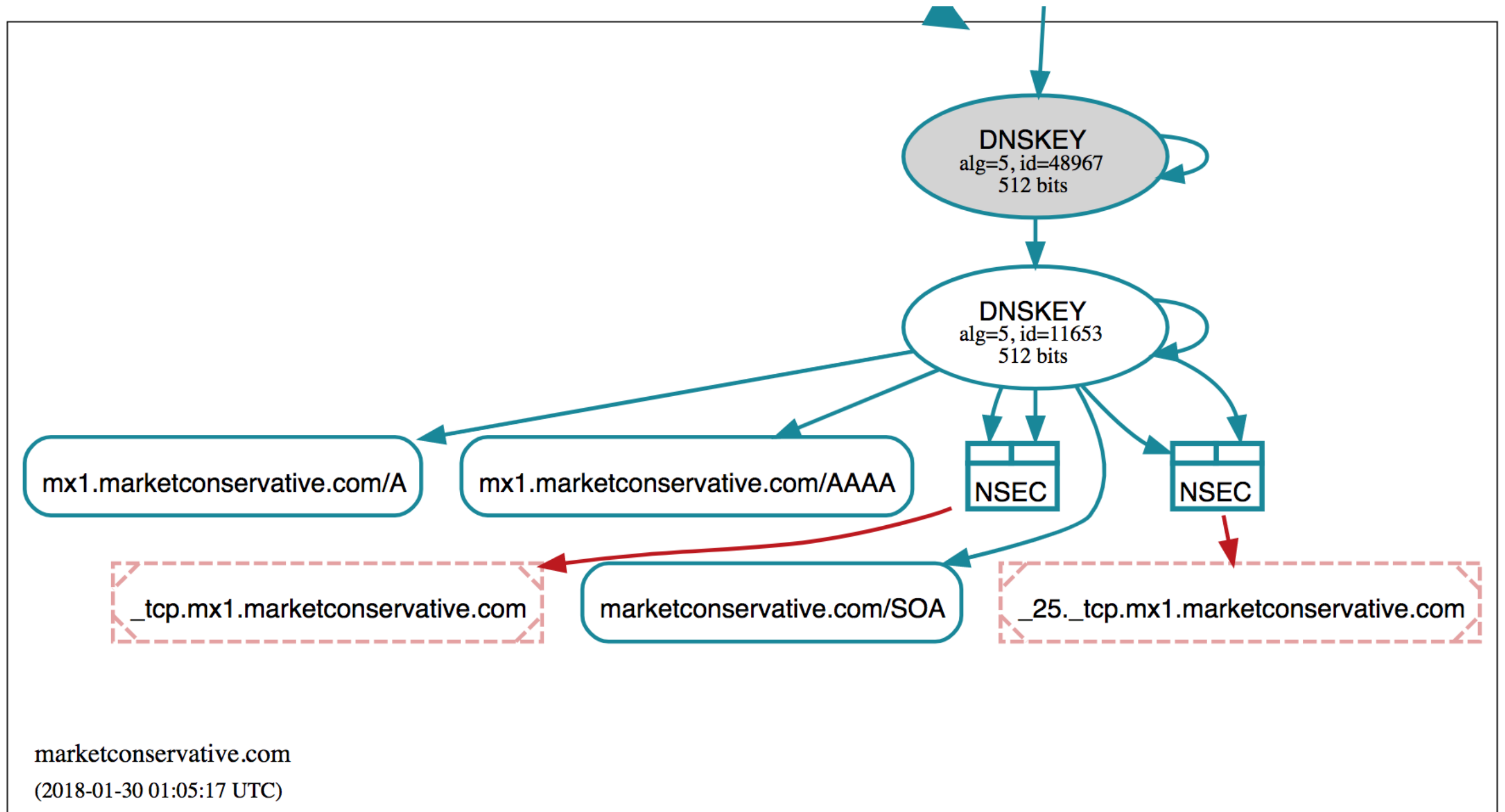
# TLSA queries blocked (resolved)



[http://dnsviz.net/d/\\_25.\\_tcp.mx.tiviths.com.br/WnYSUg/dnssec/](http://dnsviz.net/d/_25._tcp.mx.tiviths.com.br/WnYSUg/dnssec/)

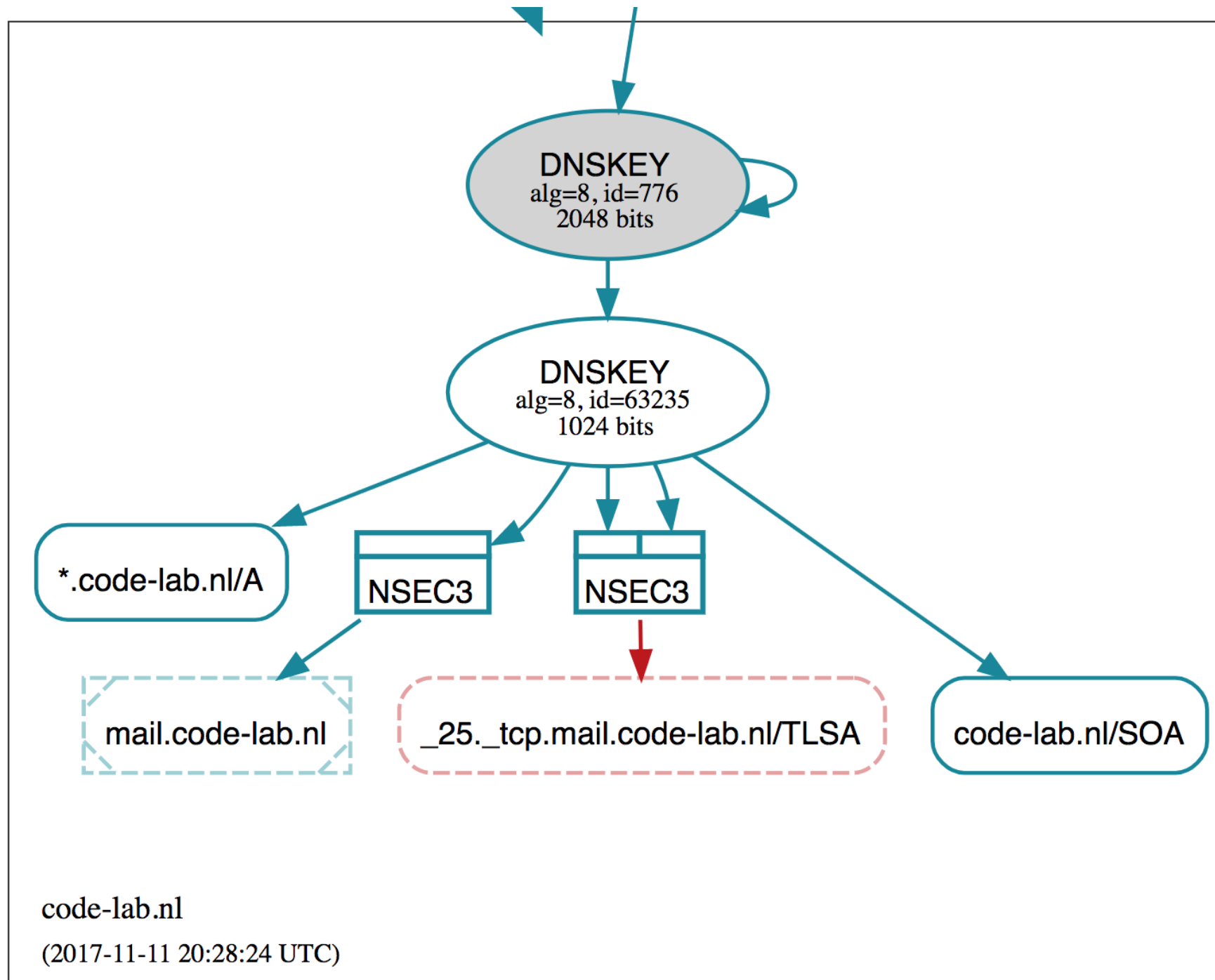


# NSEC covers wrong wildcard



[http://dnsviz.net/d/\\_25.\\_tcp.mx1.marketconservative.com/Wm\\_E1w/dnssec/](http://dnsviz.net/d/_25._tcp.mx1.marketconservative.com/Wm_E1w/dnssec/)

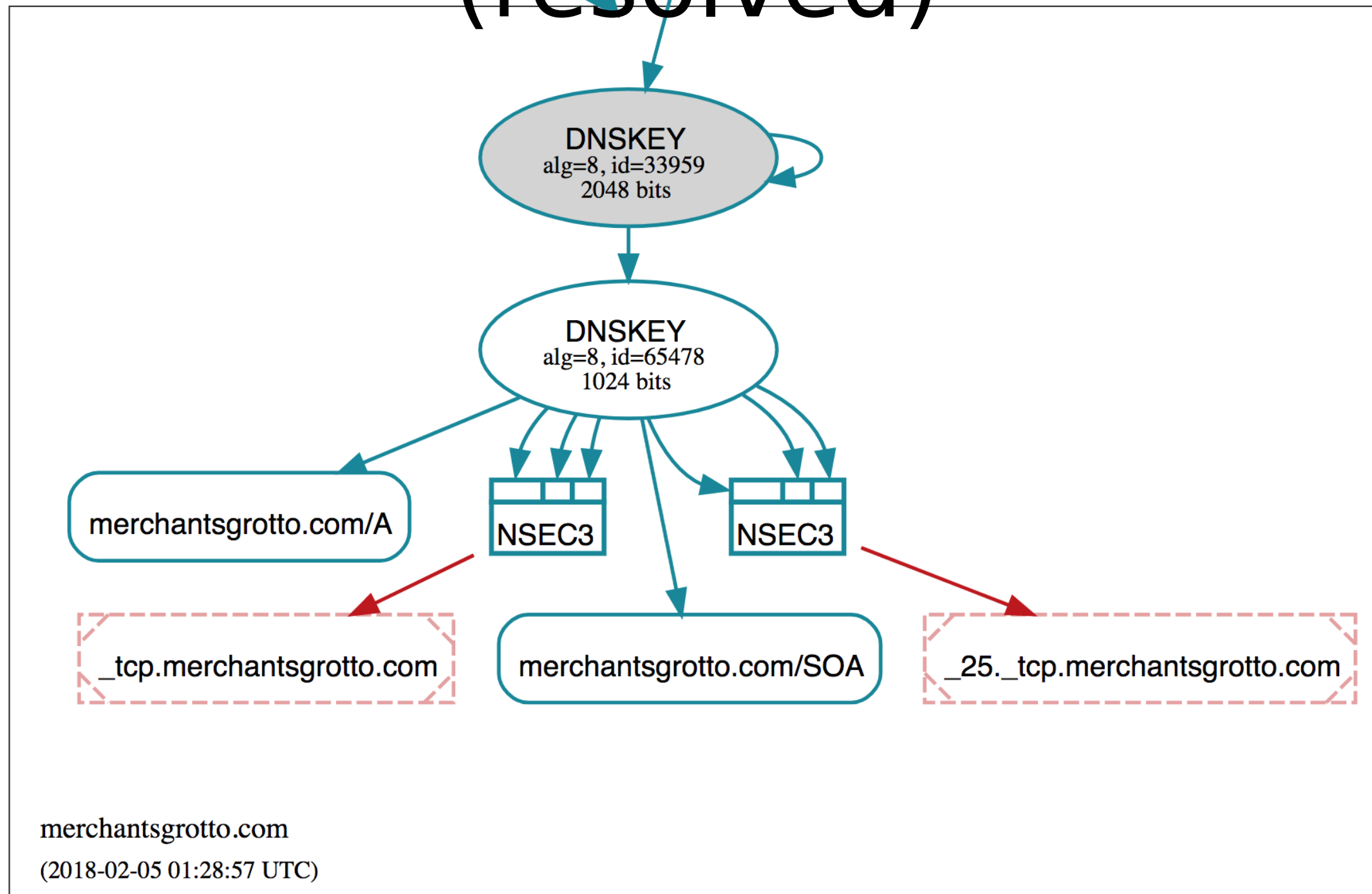
# Misused zone apex wildcard



[http://dnsviz.net/d/\\_25.\\_tcp.mail.code-lab.nl/WgddbA/dnssec/](http://dnsviz.net/d/_25._tcp.mail.code-lab.nl/WgddbA/dnssec/)

primary nameserver: ns3.firstfind.nl

# Wildcard ENT NODATA (resolved)

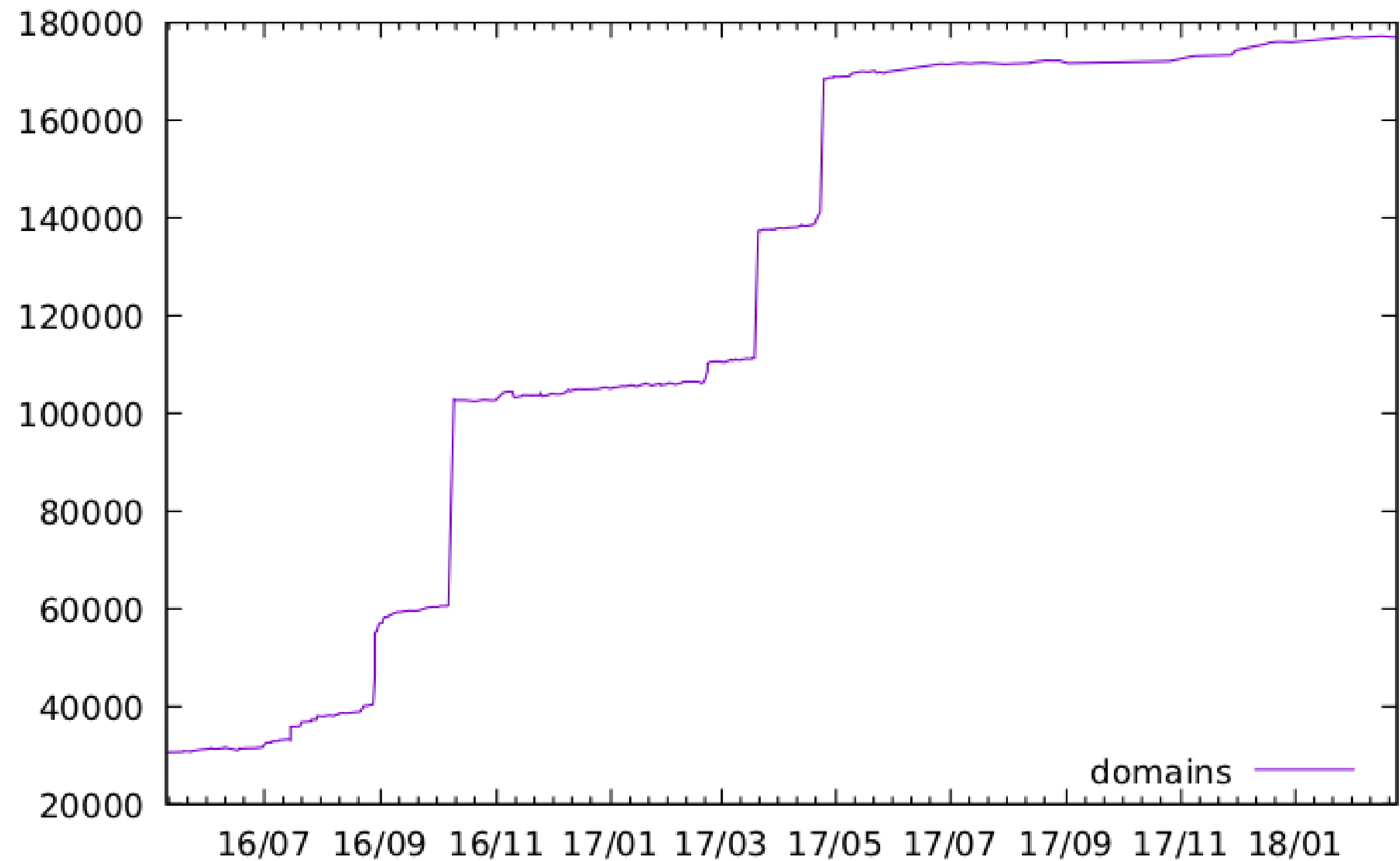


[http://dnsviz.net/d/\\_25.\\_tcp.merchantsgrotto.com/WnezZQ/dnssec/](http://dnsviz.net/d/_25._tcp.merchantsgrotto.com/WnezZQ/dnssec/)  
primary nameserver: ns-cloud-e1.googledomains.com

# Survey metrics

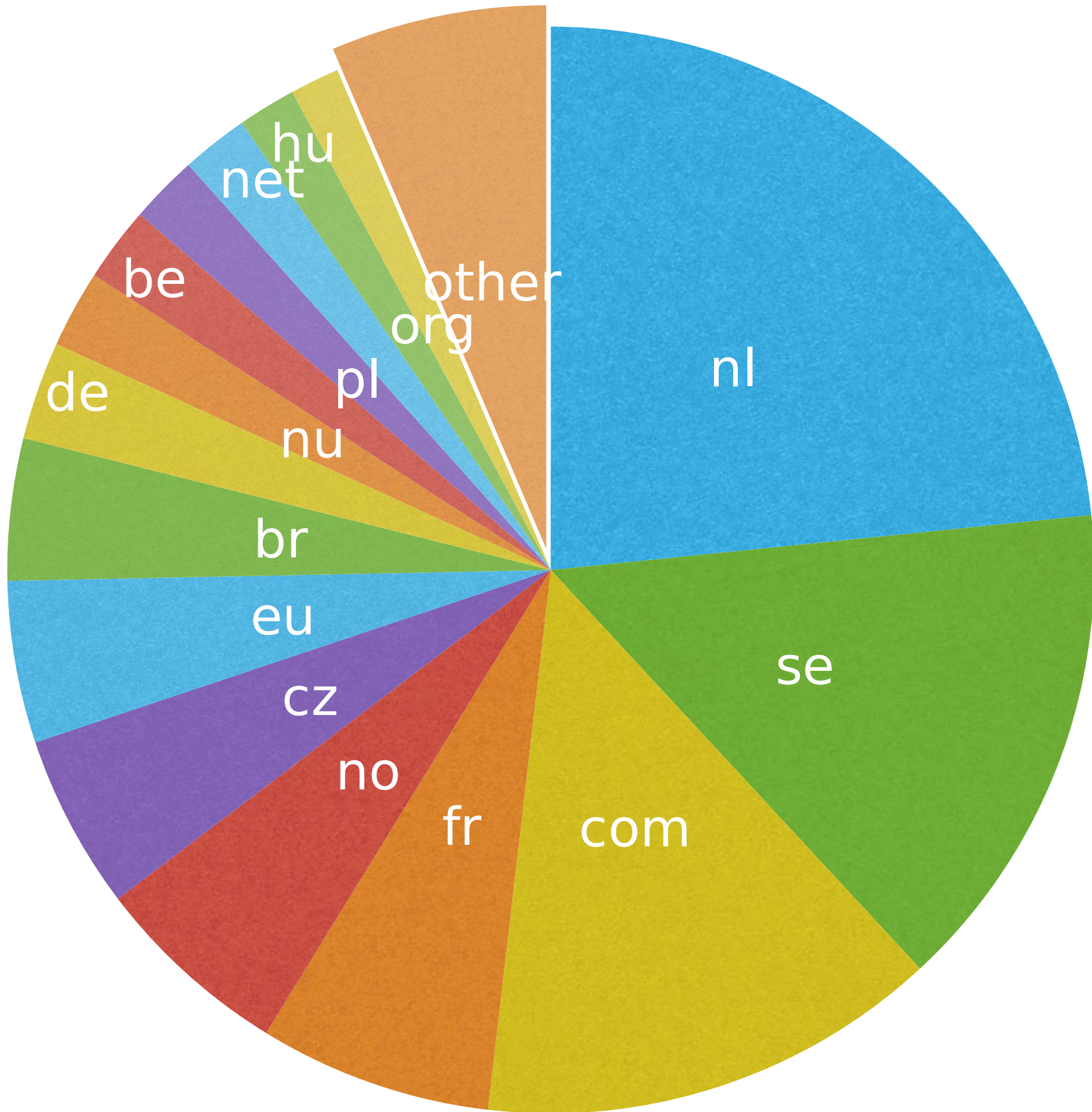
- Adoption primarily in Northern Europe and USA
- Steady growth in MX count driven by adopting organizations
- Domain count jumps driven by hosting provider adoption
- But also smaller scale in Indonesia, Tanzania, ...

# #DANE SMTP domains



# DNSSEC by TLD

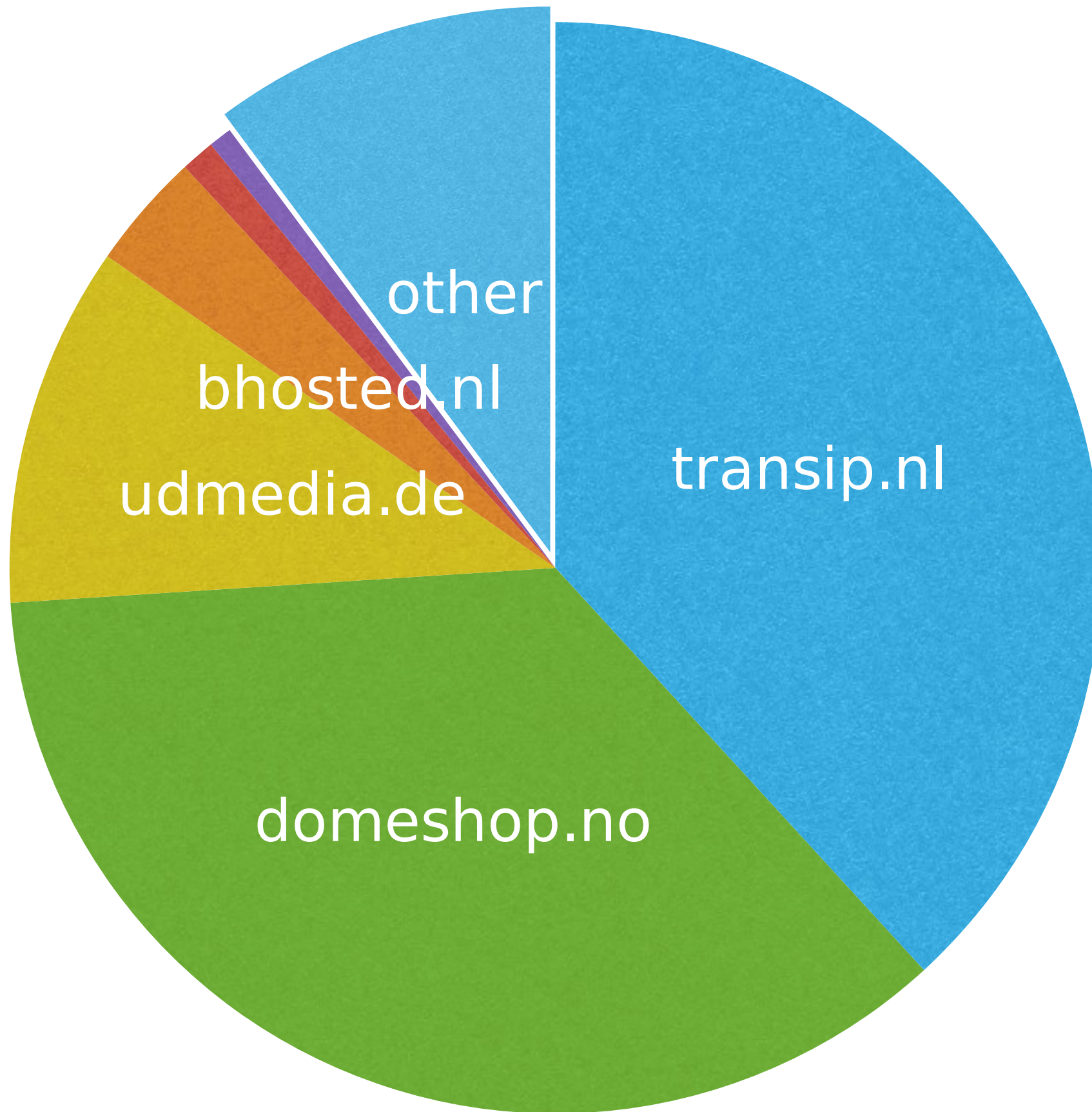
DNSSEC domains x1000		TLD
1,367		NL
861		SE
803		COM
405		FR
345		NO
304		CZ
282		EU
247		BR
171		DE
135		NU
130		BE
120		PL
116		NET
101		HU
86		ORG
375		other



# Top 10 DANE providers

#domains	Provider
68,318	domeneshop.no
64,011	transip.nl
19,137	udmedia.de
6,183	bhosted.nl
1,792	nederhost.nl
1,230	yourdomainprovider.net
760	ec-elements.com
564	surfmailfilter.nl
537	core-networks.de
437	omc-mail.com
15,909	other



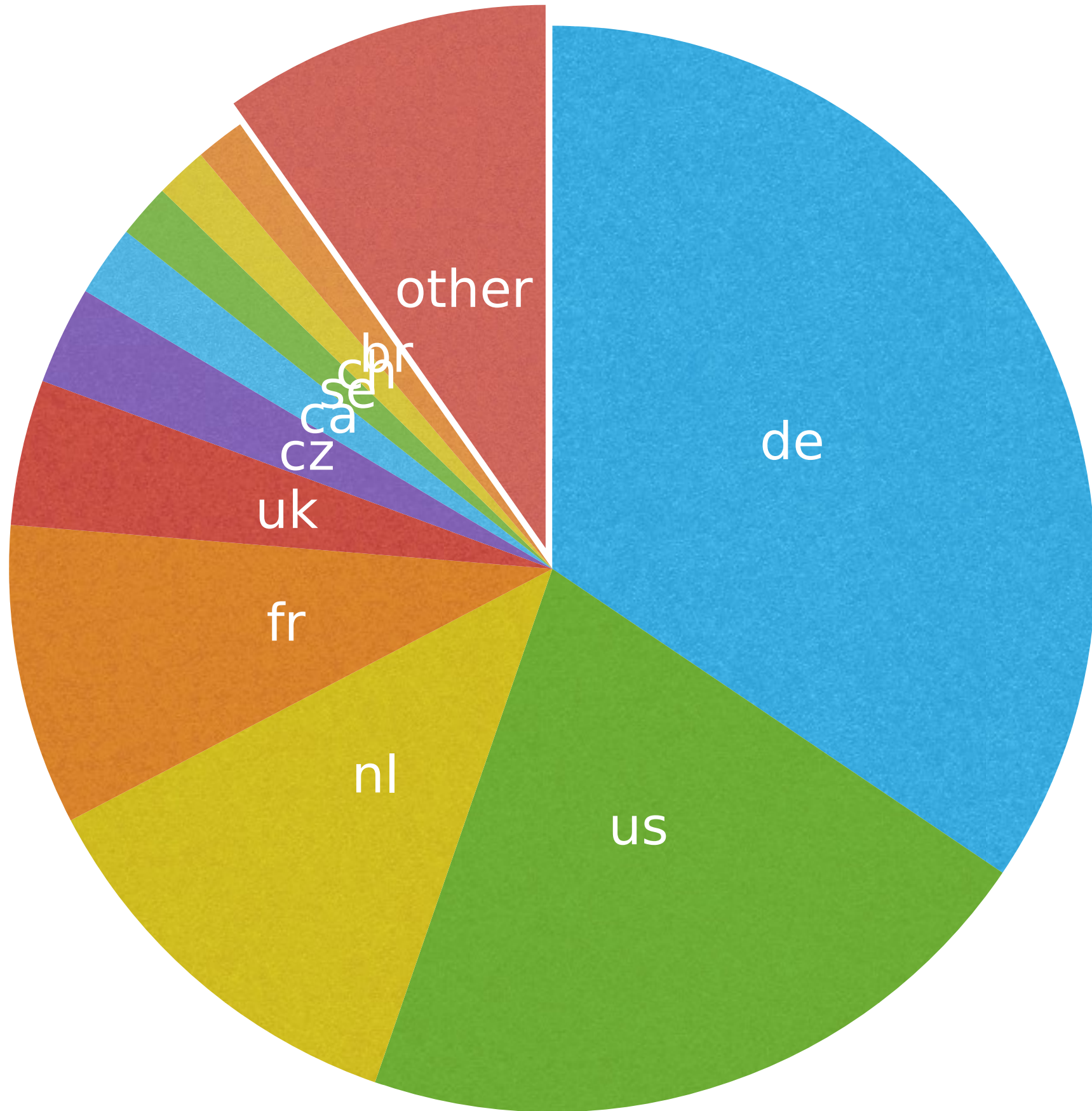


# DANE MX host IPv4 GeoIP

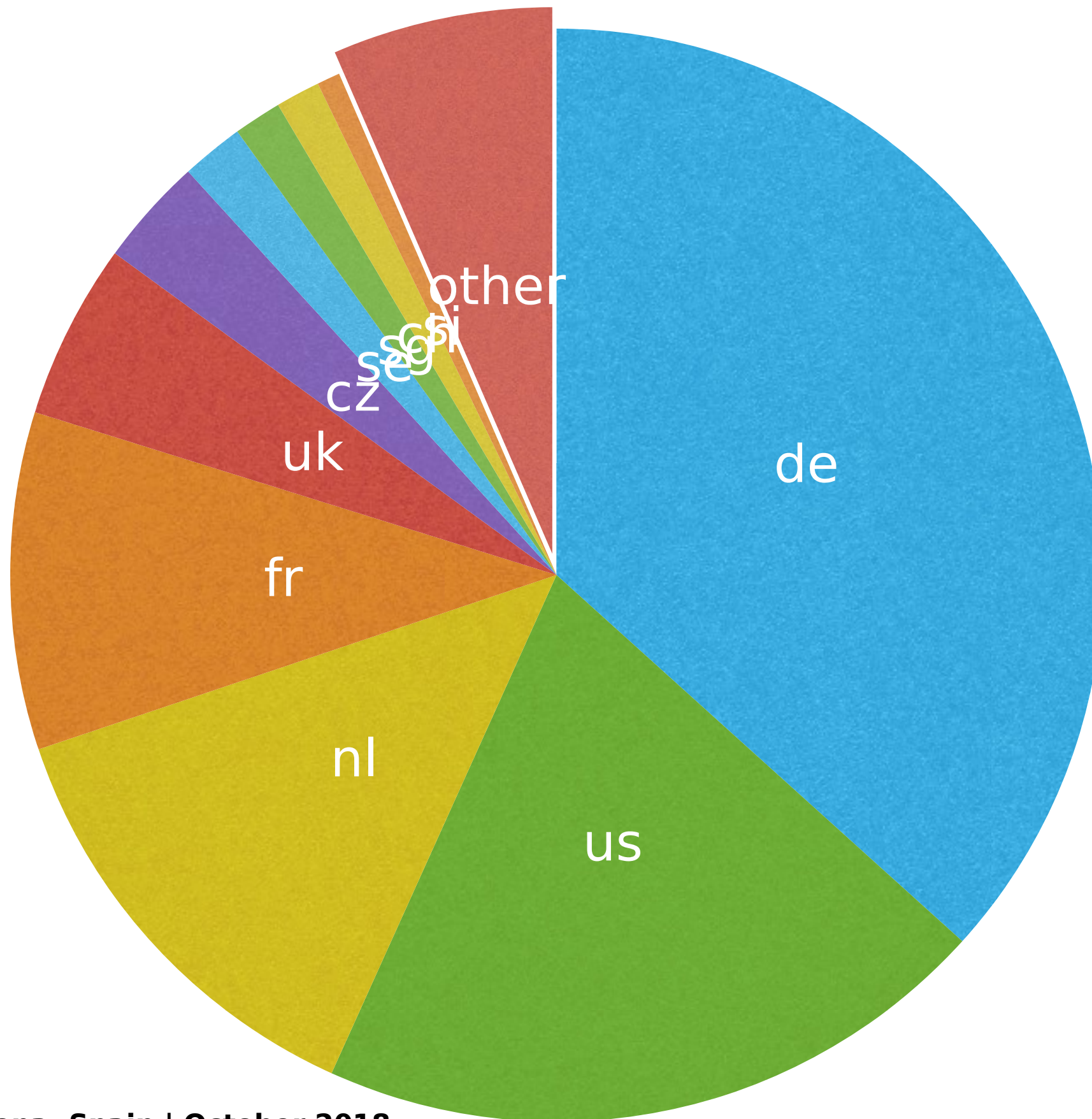
#MX IP	Country
1,273	DE, Germany
770	US, United States
445	NL, Netherlands
331	FR, France
160	UK, United Kingdom
108	CZ, Czech Republic
78	CA, Canada
59	SE, Sweden
57	CH, Switzerland
54	BR, Brazil
360	other

# DANE MX host IPv6 GeoIP

#MX IP	Country
698	DE, Germany
382	US, United States
249	NL, Netherlands
190	FR, France
99	UK, United Kingdom
61	CZ, Czech Republic
35	SE, Sweden
27	SG, Singapore
25	CH, Switzerland
13	SI, Slovenia
124	other







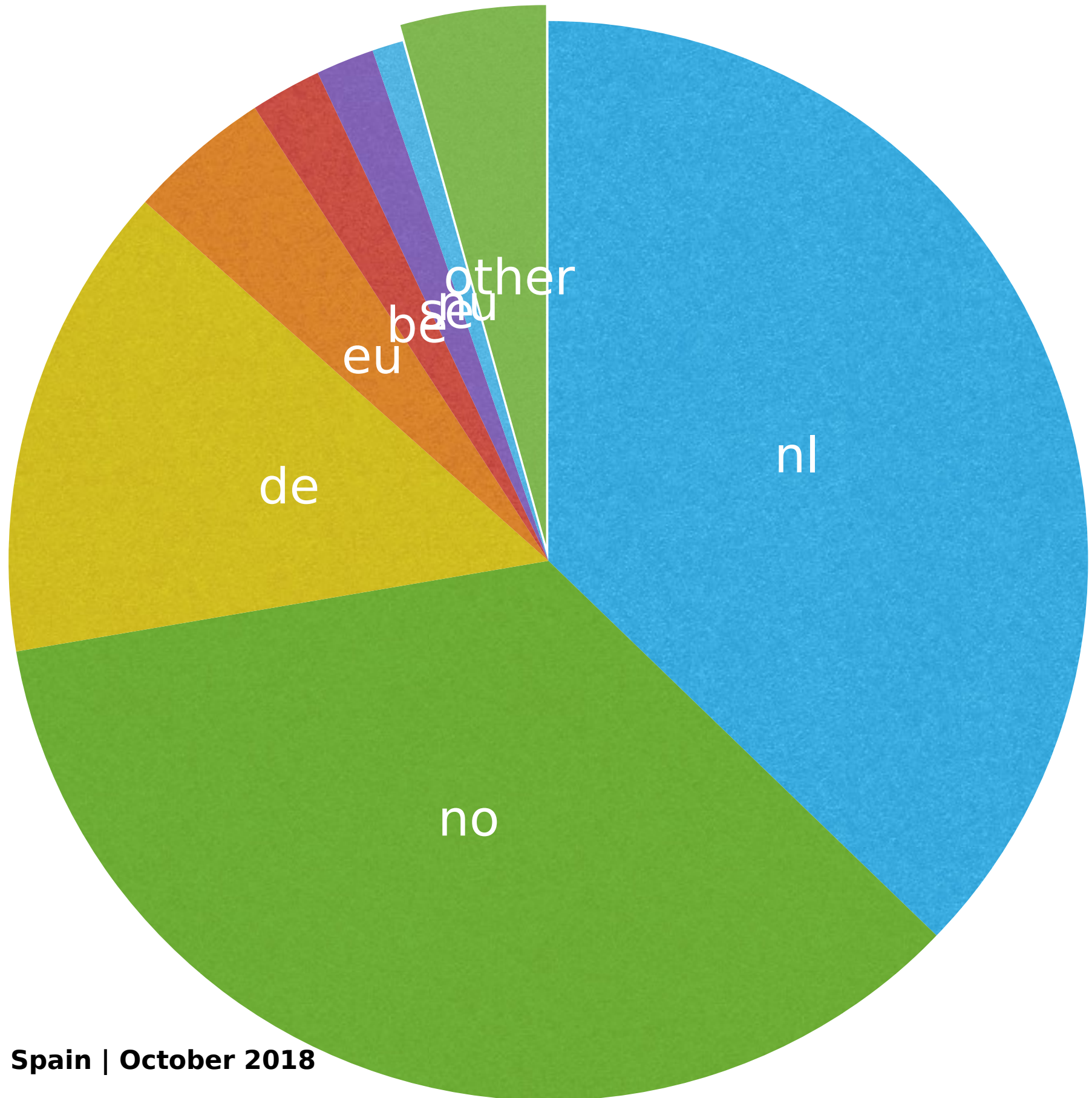
# DANE in ccTLDs

- 125 out of 247 ccTLDs have DNSSEC
- 114 have at least one DNSSEC delegated domain
- 73 have DANE-enabled domains, 19 have more than 100:

10000+: nl, no, de

1000+: eu, be, se, nu

100+: uk, dk, cz, fr, at, ch, us, me, io, hu, tv, fi



# OpenSSL DANE check

- Bash shell function to retrieve TLSA records
- Check SMTP server certificate chain vs. TLSA records
- Requires OpenSSL 1.1.0 or later



```
$ danesmtp() {
  local host=$1; shift
  local opts=(-starttls smtp -connect "$host:25" \
    -verify 9 -verify_return_error -brief \
    -dane_ee_no_namechecks -dane_tlsa_domain "$host")
  set -- $(dig +short +nosplit -t tlsa "_25._tcp.$host" |
    egrep -i '^[23] [01] [012] [0-9a-f]+$')
  while [ $# -ge 4 ]
  do
    opts=("${opts[@]}" "-dane_tlsa_rrdata" "$1 $2 $3 $4")
    shift 4
  done
  (sleep 1; printf "QUIT\r\n") | openssl s_client "${opts[@]}"
}
```

```
$ danesmtp mail.ietf.org
```

```
...
Protocol version: TLSv1.2
Ciphersuite: ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
Peer certificate: OU = Domain Control Validated, CN = *.ietf.org
Hash used: SHA512
```

```
Verification: OK
```

```
DANE TLSA 3 1 1 ...e7cb23e5b514b56664c5d3d6 matched EE certificate at depth 0
```

```
...
```

```
$ echo $?
```

```
0
```